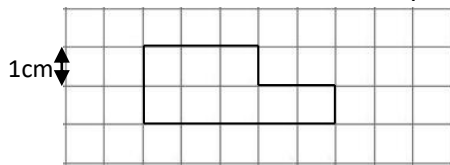
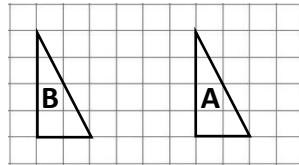
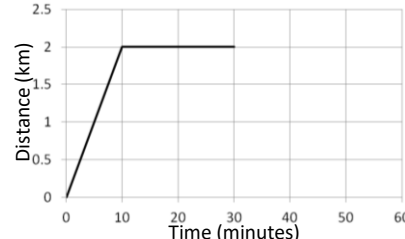
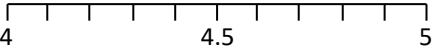


Name: _____

Date: _____

Class/Group: _____

A: Place Value, Add and Subtract		B: Multiply, Divide and Fractions		C: Measure, Geometry and Statistics	
1. What is the missing number? 18 <input type="text"/> 30 36 42	4:1	11. $9 \times 11 =$	4:9	21. What is the area of this shape? 	4:20
2. What is the missing number? 4,000 5,000 6,000 <input type="text"/> 8,000	4:1	12. Circle the sum that is the same as 22×5 : $2 \times 5 \times 11$ $2 \times 3 \times 22$	4:10		
3. Round this number to the nearest 100: 2,167	4:2	13. $356 \times 3 =$	4:11	22. Circle the name that describes the biggest angle. Right angle Obtuse angle Acute angle	4:24
4. What is 1,000 less than 1,465?	4:2	14. To work out 47×6 you could do: <input type="text"/> $\times 6 + 7 \times$ <input type="text"/>	4:12		
5. What is 6 less than 2?	4:3	15. Circle the equivalent fraction to $\frac{1}{4}$. $\frac{3}{12}$ $\frac{5}{16}$ $\frac{6}{20}$	4:13	23. To transform shape A onto B: Translate A <input type="text"/> units to the <input type="text"/> . 	4:27
6. What is the value of the 7 in this number? 2,789	4:4	16. Complete the sequence: $\frac{37}{100}$ $\frac{38}{100}$ $\frac{39}{100}$ <input type="text"/>	4:14		
7. Write the number 90 in Roman numerals.	4:5	17. $\frac{3}{7} + \frac{5}{7}$	4:15	24. The distance time graph shows a trip to the shops. The return journey takes 20 minutes. Show this. 	4:29
8. $1,235 - 624 =$	4:6	18. Write $\frac{1}{2}$ as a decimal number.	4:16		
9. Write the sum to check $3,128 + 854 = 3,982$: 3,982 <input type="text"/> 854 <input type="text"/> 3,182	4:7	19. $8 \div 10 =$	4:17		
10. I have £5. I spend £1.50 then £2.45. How much do I have left?	4:8	20. Label 4.8cm on the ruler section: 	4:18	25. How long did the person spend at the shops?	4:30
Total (A)		Total (B)		Total (C)	
Test Total (A+B+C)		R (0-9)	Y (10-19)	G (20-25)	

Name: _____

$276 = 69 \times \square$	$25 = \square \times 1$	$\square = 39 \times 7$	$\square \times 8 = 328$	$34 \times \square = 272$
$480 = \square \times 5$	$14 \times \square = 56$	$36 = 12 \times \square$	$57 = \square \times 1$	$47 \times 5 = \square$
$182 = 91 \times \square$	$480 = 96 \times \square$	$\square = 30 \times 7$	$\square \times 8 = 520$	$69 \times 7 = \square$
$17 \times 5 = \square$	$136 = \square \times 4$	$\square \times 3 = 123$	$92 \times \square = 184$	$\square \times 4 = 168$
$96 \times \square = 288$	$58 \times 10 = \square$	$\square \times 8 = 768$	$\square = 57 \times 1$	$61 \times \square = 427$
$\square \times 3 = 246$	$\square \times 2 = 148$	$\square = 55 \times 6$	$32 \times 6 = \square$	$31 \times 4 = \square$
$549 = 61 \times \square$	$46 \times 8 = \square$	$438 = \square \times 6$	$\square = 48 \times 1$	$222 = \square \times 6$
$77 \times \square = 539$	$31 \times 4 = \square$	$48 \times 2 = \square$	$204 = \square \times 6$	$\square \times 2 = 76$

Name: _____

Class: _____

Date: _____

1. Underline the prefix which means 'under'.			2. Underline the suffix which, when added, forms the present tense of the verb.		
<i>sub</i>	<i>inter</i>	<i>anti</i>	<i>play</i>	<i>er</i>	<i>ing</i>
3. Underline the correct homophone to use in this sentence.			4. Underline the correct homophone to use in this sentence.		
<i>I (mite / might) not be home for tea.</i>			<i>She put the (dye / die) on her hair.</i>		
5. Underline the word with the correct spelling.			6. Underline the word with the correct spelling.		
<i>hideus</i>	<i>hideos</i>	<i>hideous</i>	<i>conclusion</i>	<i>conclushun</i>	<i>conclution</i>
7-8. Number these words to show their alphabetical order .					
<i>drink</i>		<i>drown</i>		<i>drain</i>	<i>dream</i>

9. Underline the words which have a similar meaning to the word in bold (synonyms).				
<i>shout</i>	<i>cross</i>	<i>yell</i>	<i>holler</i>	<i>bellow</i>
10. Underline the adverb in the sentence below.		11. Circle the noun phrase in the sentence below.		
<i>Slowly, the old, frail man sat down.</i>				

12-13. Underline two connectives that can be used to compare and contrast .				
<i>tragically</i>	<i>despite</i>	<i>afterwards</i>	<i>eventually</i>	<i>yet</i>
14-15. Underline the proper nouns or pronouns in this sentence to avoid repetition .				
<i>As (he / James) turned over the pages of the book, it began to dawn on (James / him) that (he / James) had heard this story before.</i>				
16-17. Underline two fronted adverbials that might help signal cause and effect .				
<i>Inevitably,</i>	<i>Secondly,</i>	<i>Therefore,</i>	<i>Last year,</i>	
18. Underline the correct word to complete the sentence.		19. Underline the correct word to complete the sentence.		
<i>You could (have / of) gone on the bus.</i>		<i>I have (eaten / ate) all my apple.</i>		

20-21. Underline the fronted adverbial . Punctuate this sentence using commas .	
<i>Later that day Sammy went to visit her friend in hospital.</i>	
22-23. Punctuate the sentences using the apostrophe (') to show singular or plural possession .	
<i>The c a r s engine roared.</i>	<i>The c a r s engines roared.</i>
24-25. Punctuate these sentences using inverted commas (" "), commas (,) and any other punctuation needed..	
<i>I like your car smiled Danny</i>	<i>Thanks said Mark it's new</i>

Total:		Red (0 – 9)	Yellow (10 – 19)	Green (20 – 25)
---------------	--	-------------	------------------	-----------------